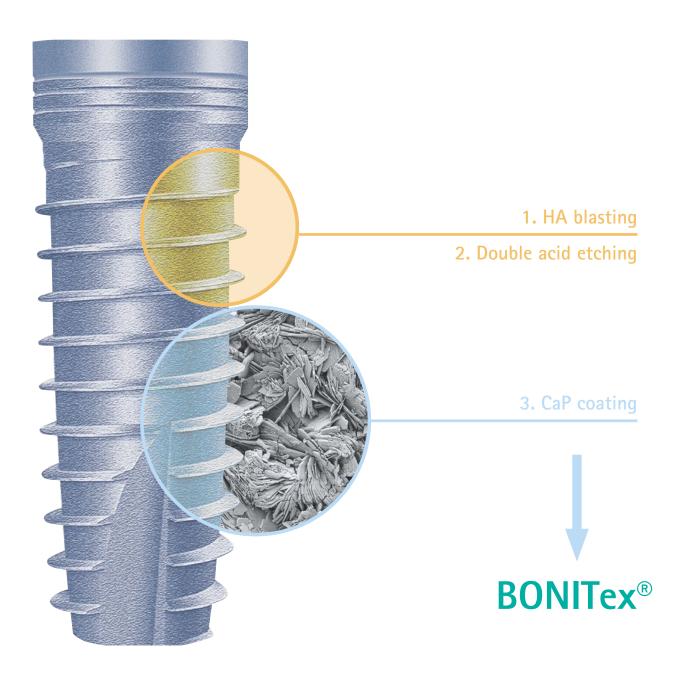
Our BONITex®-SURFACE for your IMPLANT



BONITex® HA-blasted, double acid etched surface featuring our bioactive calcium phosphate coating



BONITex® Implant Surface

Successful osseointegration does not only depend on the design of a product and the selection of its materials. It is a process that is also significantly influenced by the properties of the implant surface and is an essential prerequisite for the long-term success of an endosseous implant. The biological behavior of the implant surface is defined by its topography and chemical composition.*

*Literature on request

Description of the Surface

The BONITex® coating is coating is comprised of a subtractive and an additive surface treatment. The subtractive process is comprised of HA blasting and double acid etching. The additive component of the BONITex® surface is a completely resorbable, thin, fine-crystalline and firmly adherent calcium phosphate coating (BONIT®).

Characterization of the Surface

Test criteria	Result
Color	Light gray
Layer thickness	5 ± 3 μm
Bond strength (ASTM F 1147-99)	≥ 15 MPa
Roughness (after HA blasting and dual acid etching)	R_a =1.1 \pm 0.5 μ m
Phase composition of the applied BONIT® layer	≥ 70 % brushite / ≤ 30 % HA
Ca/P ratio of the applied BONIT® coating (EN ISO 11885-E22)	1.1 ± 0.1
Cytotoxicity (DIN EN ISO 10993-5)	Not cytotoxic
Durability	5 years
Solubility (based on the BONIT® content)	 18.3 % (after 7 days in physiological buffer solution [Gomori]) 31.4 % (after 7 days in physiological buffer solution [Ducheyne])
Analysis of raw materials	Raw materials are subject to the requirements of the U.S. standards ASTM F 1185 and ASTM F 1609.
Surface structure	Uniform surface texture

Advantages of the Surface

- Microstructured surface topography with HA blasting and acid etching
- Complex surface pattern/significant surface enlargement
- Hydrophilic surface/high affinity for blood
- Increased primary stability with shorter healing time
- Active support of bone deposition
- Greater osseoconductivity of the surface
- Increased bone-implant contact in early stages (14 to 30 days) after implantation
- Highly biocompatible (BONIT® coating)
- Highly pure surface without contaminations (Implant Study University of Cologne)

